## AP ${ }^{\oplus}$ Statistics 2004 Free-Response Questions

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## 2004 AP ${ }^{\circledR}$ STATISTICS FREE-RESPONSE QUESTIONS

Formulas begin on page 3 .
Questions begin on page 6.
Tables begin on page 11 .

## Formulas

(I) Descriptive Statistics
$\bar{x}=\frac{\sum x_{i}}{n}$
$s_{x}=\sqrt{\frac{1}{n-1} \sum\left(x_{i}-\bar{x}\right)^{2}}$
$s_{p}=\sqrt{\frac{\left(n_{1}-1\right) s_{1}^{2}+\left(n_{2}-1\right) s_{2}^{2}}{\left(n_{1}-1\right)+\left(n_{2}-1\right)}}$
$\hat{y}=b_{0}+b_{1} x$
$b_{1}=\frac{\sum\left(x_{i}-\bar{x}\right)\left(y_{i}-\bar{y}\right)}{\sum\left(x_{i}-\bar{x}\right)^{2}}$
$b_{0}=\bar{y}-b_{1} \bar{x}$
$r=\frac{1}{n-1} \sum\left(\frac{x_{i}-\bar{x}}{s_{x}}\right)\left(\frac{y_{i}-\bar{y}}{s_{y}}\right)$
$b_{1}=r \frac{s_{y}}{s_{x}}$
$s_{b_{1}}=\frac{\sqrt{\frac{\sum\left(y_{i}-\hat{y}_{i}\right)^{2}}{n-2}}}{\sqrt{\sum\left(x_{i}-\bar{x}\right)^{2}}}$
(II) Probability
$P(A \cup B)=P(A)+P(B)-P(A \cap B)$
$P(A \mid B)=\frac{P(A \cap B)}{P(B)}$
$E(X)=\mu_{x}=\sum x_{i} p_{i}$
$\operatorname{Var}(X)=\sigma_{x}^{2}=\Sigma\left(x_{i}-\mu_{x}\right)^{2} p_{i}$

If $X$ has a binomial distribution with parameters $n$ and $p$, then:
$P(X=k)=\binom{n}{k} p^{k}(1-p)^{n-k}$
$\mu_{x}=n p$
$\sigma_{x}=\sqrt{n p(1-p)}$
$\mu_{\hat{p}}=p$
$\sigma_{\hat{p}}=\sqrt{\frac{p(1-p)}{n}}$

If $\bar{x}$ is the mean of a random sample of size $n$ from an infinite population with mean $\mu$ and standard deviation $\sigma$, then:
$\mu_{\bar{x}}=\mu$
$\sigma_{\bar{x}}=\frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{n}}$
(III) Inferential Statistics

Standardized test statistic: $\frac{\text { statistic }- \text { parameter }}{\text { standard deviation of statistic }}$
Confidence interval: statistic $\pm$ (critical value) •(standard deviation of statistic)
Single-Sample

| Statistic | Standard Deviation <br> of Statistic |
| :---: | :---: |
| Sample Mean | $\frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{n}}$ |
| Sample Proportion | $\sqrt{\frac{p(1-p)}{n}}$ |

Two-Sample
\(\left.$$
\begin{array}{|c|c|}\hline \text { Statistic } & \begin{array}{c}\text { Standard Deviation } \\
\text { of Statistic }\end{array} \\
\hline \begin{array}{c}\text { Difference of } \\
\text { sample means }\end{array}
$$ \& \sqrt{\frac{\sigma_{1}^{2}}{n_{1}}+\frac{\sigma_{2}^{2}}{n_{2}}} <br>
Special case when \sigma_{1}=\sigma_{2} <br>

\sigma \sqrt{\frac{1}{n_{1}}+\frac{1}{n_{2}}}\end{array}\right]\)| Difference of <br> sample proportions |
| ---: |
| Special case when $p_{1}=p_{2}$ <br> $n_{1}$ <br> $p_{1}\left(1-p_{1}\right)$ <br> $p_{2}\left(1-p_{2}\right)$ <br> $n_{2}$ |
| $\sqrt{p(1-p)} \sqrt{\frac{1}{n_{1}}+\frac{1}{n_{2}}}$ |

# 2004 AP ${ }^{\circledR}$ STATISTICS FREE-RESPONSE QUESTIONS 

## STATISTICS

## SECTION II

Part A
Questions 1-5
Spend about 65 minutes on this part of the exam.
Percent of Section II grade- 75
Directions: Show all your work. Indicate clearly the methods you use, because you will be graded on the correctness of your methods as well as on the accuracy of your results and explanation.

1. A consumer advocate conducted a test of two popular gasoline additives, A and B. There are claims that the use of either of these additives will increase gasoline mileage in cars. A random sample of 30 cars was selected. Each car was filled with gasoline and the cars were run under the same driving conditions until the gas tanks were empty. The distance traveled was recorded for each car.

Additive A was randomly assigned to 15 of the cars and additive B was randomly assigned to the other 15 cars. The gas tank of each car was filled with gasoline and the assigned additive. The cars were again run under the same driving conditions until the tanks were empty. The distance traveled was recorded and the difference in the distance with the additive minus the distance without the additive for each car was calculated.
The following table summarizes the calculated differences. Note that negative values indicate less distance was traveled with the additive than without the additive.

| Additive | Values Below $\mathrm{Q}_{1}$ | $\mathrm{Q}_{1}$ | Median | $\mathrm{Q}_{3}$ | Values Above $\mathrm{Q}_{3}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A | $-10,-8,-2$ | 1 | 3 | 4 | $5,7,9$ |
| B | $-5,-3,-3$ | -2 | 1 | 25 | $35,37,40$ |

(a) On the grid below, display parallel boxplots (showing outliers, if any) of the differences of the two additives.

(b) Two ways that the effectiveness of a gasoline additive can be evaluated are by looking at either

- the proportion of cars that have increased gas mileage when the additive is used in those cars
or
- the mean increase in gas mileage when the additive is used in those cars.
i. Which additive, A or B, would you recommend if the goal is to increase gas mileage in the highest proportion of cars? Explain your choice.
ii. Which additive, A or B, would you recommend if the goal is to have the highest mean increase in gas mileage? Explain your choice.

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## 2004 AP ${ }^{\circledR}$ STATISTICS FREE-RESPONSE QUESTIONS

2. Researchers who are studying a new shampoo formula plan to compare the condition of hair for people who use the new formula with the condition of hair for people who use the current formula. Twelve volunteers are available to participate in this study. Information on these volunteers (numbered 1 through 12 ) is shown in the table below.

| Volunteer | Gender | Age |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Male | 21 |
| 2 | Female | 20 |
| 3 | Male | 47 |
| 4 | Female | 60 |
| 5 | Female | 62 |
| 6 | Male | 61 |
| 7 | Male | 58 |
| 8 | Female | 44 |
| 9 | Male | 44 |
| 10 | Female | 24 |
| 11 | Male | 23 |
| 12 | Female | 46 |

(a) These researchers want to conduct an experiment involving the two formulas (new and current) of shampoo. They believe that the condition of hair changes with age but not gender. Because researchers want the size of the blocks in an experiment to be equal to the number of treatments, they will use blocks of size 2 in their experiment. Identify the volunteers (by number) that would be included in each of the six blocks and give the criteria you used to form the blocks.
(b) Other researchers believe that hair condition differs with both age and gender. These researchers will also use blocks of size 2 in their experiment. Identify the volunteers (by number) that would be included in each of the six blocks and give the criteria you used to form the blocks.
(c) The researchers in part (b) decide to select three of the six blocks to receive the new formula and to give the other three blocks the current formula. Is this an appropriate way to assign treatments? If so, describe a method for selecting the three blocks to receive the new formula. If not, describe an appropriate method for assigning treatments.

## 2004 AP ${ }^{\circledR}$ STATISTICS FREE-RESPONSE QUESTIONS

3. At an archaeological site that was an ancient swamp, the bones from 20 brontosaur skeletons have been unearthed. The bones do not show any sign of disease or malformation. It is thought that these animals wandered into a deep area of the swamp and became trapped in the swamp bottom. The 20 left femur bones (thigh bones) were located and 4 of these left femurs are to be randomly selected without replacement for DNA testing to determine gender.
(a) Let $X$ be the number out of the 4 selected left femurs that are from males. Based on how these bones were sampled, explain why the probability distribution of $X$ is not binomial.
(b) Suppose that the group of 20 brontosaurs whose remains were found in the swamp had been made up of 10 males and 10 females. What is the probability that all 4 in the sample to be tested are male?
(c) The DNA testing revealed that all 4 femurs tested were from males. Based on this result and your answer from part (b), do you think that males and females were equally represented in the group of 20 brontosaurs stuck in the swamp? Explain.
(d) Is it reasonable to generalize your conclusion in part (c) pertaining to the group of 20 brontosaurs to the population of all brontosaurs? Explain why or why not.
4. Two antibiotics are available as treatment for a common ear infection in children.

- Antibiotic A is known to effectively cure the infection 60 percent of the time. Treatment with antibiotic A costs $\$ 50$.
- Antibiotic B is known to effectively cure the infection 90 percent of the time. Treatment with antibiotic B costs $\$ 80$.

The antibiotics work independently of one another. Both antibiotics can be safely administered to children. A health insurance company intends to recommend one of the following two plans of treatment for children with this ear infection.

- Plan I: Treat with antibiotic A first. If it is not effective, then treat with antibiotic B.
- Plan II: Treat with antibiotic B first. If it is not effective, then treat with antibiotic A.
(a) If a doctor treats a child with an ear infection using plan I, what is the probability that the child will be cured?

If a doctor treats a child with an ear infection using plan II, what is the probability that the child will be cured?
(b) Compute the expected cost per child when plan I is used for treatment.

Compute the expected cost per child when plan II is used for treatment.
(c) Based on the results in parts (a) and (b), which plan would you recommend?

Explain your recommendation.

## 2004 AP ${ }^{\circledR}$ STATISTICS FREE-RESPONSE QUESTIONS

5. A rural county hospital offers several health services. The hospital administrators conducted a poll to determine whether the residents' satisfaction with the available services depends on their gender. A random sample of 1,000 adult county residents was selected. The gender of each respondent was recorded and each was asked whether he or she was satisfied with the services offered by the hospital. The resulting data are shown in the table below.

|  | Male | Female | Total |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Satisfied | 384 | 416 | 800 |
| Not Satisfied | 80 | 120 | 200 |
| Total | 464 | 536 | 1,000 |

(a) Using a significance level of 0.05 , conduct an appropriate test to determine if, for adult residents of this county, there is an association between gender and whether or not they were satisfied with services offered by the hospital.
(b) Is $\frac{800}{1,000}$ a reasonable estimate for the proportion of all adult county residents who are satisfied with the services offered by this hospital? Explain why or why not.

# 2004 AP ${ }^{\circledR}$ STATISTICS FREE-RESPONSE QUESTIONS 

## STATISTICS

## Section II

Part B
Question 6

## Spend about 25 minutes on this part of the exam. <br> Percent of Section II grade-25

Directions: Show all your work. Indicate clearly the methods you use, because you will be graded on the correctness of your methods as well as on the accuracy of your results and explanation.
6. A pharmaceutical company has developed a new drug to reduce cholesterol. A regulatory agency will recommend the new drug for use if there is convincing evidence that the mean reduction in cholesterol level after one month of use is more than 20 milligrams/deciliter ( $\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{dl}$ ), because a mean reduction of this magnitude would be greater than the mean reduction for the current most widely used drug.
The pharmaceutical company collected data by giving the new drug to a random sample of 50 people from the population of people with high cholesterol. The reduction in cholesterol level after one month of use was recorded for each individual in the sample, resulting in a sample mean reduction and standard deviation of $24 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{dl}$ and $15 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{dl}$, respectively.
(a) The regulatory agency decides to use an interval estimate for the population mean reduction in cholesterol level for the new drug. Provide this 95 percent confidence interval. Be sure to interpret this interval.
(b) Because the 95 percent confidence interval includes 20, the regulatory agency is not convinced that the new drug is better than the current best-seller. The pharmaceutical company tested the following hypotheses.

$$
\mathrm{H}_{0}: \mu=20 \text { versus } \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{a}}: \mu>20
$$

where $\mu$ represents the population mean reduction in cholesterol level for the new drug.
The test procedure resulted in a $t$-value of 1.89 and a $p$-value of 0.033 . Because the $p$-value was less than 0.05 , the company believes that there is convincing evidence that the mean reduction in cholesterol level for the new drug is more than 20. Explain why the confidence interval and the hypothesis test led to different conclusions.
(c) The company would like to determine a value $L$ that would allow them to make the following statement.

We are 95 percent confident that the true mean reduction in cholesterol level is greater than $L$.
A statement of this form is called a one-sided confidence interval. The value of $L$ can be found using the following formula.

$$
L=\bar{x}-t^{*} \frac{s}{\sqrt{n}}
$$

This has the same form as the lower endpoint of the confidence interval in part (a), but requires a different critical value, $t^{*}$. What value should be used for $t^{*}$ ?

Recall that the sample mean reduction in cholesterol level and standard deviation are $24 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{dl}$ and $15 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{dl}$, respectively. Compute the value of $L$.
(d) If the regulatory agency had used the one-sided confidence interval in part (c) rather than the interval constructed in part (a), would it have reached a different conclusion? Explain.

## END OF EXAMINATION

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## 2004 AP ${ }^{\circledR}$ STATISTICS FREE-RESPONSE QUESTIONS

Table entry for $z$ is the probability lying below $z$.


Table A Standard normal probabilities

| $z$ | . 00 | . 01 | . 02 | . 03 | . 04 | . 05 | . 06 | . 07 | . 08 | . 09 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| -3.4 | . 0003 | . 0003 | . 0003 | . 0003 | . 0003 | . 0003 | . 0003 | . 0003 | . 0003 | . 0002 |
| -3.3 | . 0005 | . 0005 | . 0005 | . 0004 | . 0004 | . 0004 | . 0004 | . 0004 | . 0004 | . 0003 |
| -3.2 | . 0007 | . 00007 | . 0006 | . 0006 | . 0006 | . 0006 | . 0006 | . 0005 | . 0005 | . 0005 |
| -3.1 | . 0010 | . 0009 | . 0009 | . 0009 | . 0008 | . 0008 | . 0008 | . 0008 | . 0007 | . 0007 |
| -3.0 | . 0013 | . 0013 | . 0013 | . 0012 | . 0012 | . 0011 | . 0011 | . 0011 | . 0010 | . 0010 |
| -2.9 | . 0019 | . 0018 | . 0018 | . 0017 | . 0016 | . 0016 | . 0015 | . 0015 | . 0014 | . 0014 |
| -2.8 | . 0026 | . 0025 | . 0024 | . 0023 | . 0023 | . 0022 | . 0021 | . 0021 | . 0020 | . 0019 |
| -2.7 | . 0035 | . 0034 | . 0033 | . 0032 | . 0031 | . 0030 | . 0029 | . 0028 | . 0027 | . 0026 |
| -2.6 | . 0047 | . 0045 | . 0044 | . 0043 | . 0041 | . 0040 | . 0039 | . 0038 | . 0037 | . 0036 |
| -2.5 | . 0062 | . 0060 | . 0059 | . 0057 | . 0055 | . 0054 | . 0052 | . 0051 | . 0049 | . 0048 |
| -2.4 | . 0082 | . 0080 | . 0078 | . 0075 | . 0073 | . 0071 | . 0069 | . 0068 | . 0066 | . 0064 |
| -2.3 | . 0107 | . 0104 | . 0102 | . 0099 | . 0096 | . 0094 | . 0091 | . 0089 | . 0087 | . 0084 |
| -2.2 | . 0139 | . 0136 | . 0132 | . 0129 | . 0125 | . 0122 | . 0119 | . 0116 | . 0113 | . 0110 |
| -2.1 | . 0179 | . 0174 | . 0170 | . 0166 | . 0162 | . 0158 | . 0154 | . 0150 | . 0146 | . 0143 |
| -2.0 | . 0228 | . 0222 | . 0217 | . 0212 | . 0207 | . 0202 | . 0197 | . 0192 | . 0188 | . 0183 |
| -1.9 | . 0287 | . 0281 | . 0274 | . 0268 | . 0262 | . 0256 | . 0250 | . 0244 | . 0239 | . 0233 |
| -1.8 | . 0359 | . 0351 | . 0344 | . 0336 | . 0329 | . 0322 | . 0314 | . 0307 | . 0301 | . 0294 |
| -1.7 | . 0446 | . 0436 | . 0427 | . 0418 | . 0409 | . 0401 | . 0392 | . 0384 | . 0375 | . 0367 |
| -1.6 | . 0548 | . 0537 | . 0526 | . 0516 | . 0505 | . 0495 | . 0485 | . 0475 | . 0465 | . 0455 |
| -1.5 | . 0668 | . 0655 | . 0643 | . 0630 | . 0618 | . 0606 | . 0594 | . 0582 | . 0571 | . 0559 |
| -1.4 | . 0808 | . 0793 | . 0778 | . 0764 | . 0749 | . 0735 | . 0721 | . 0708 | . 0694 | . 0681 |
| -1.3 | . 0968 | . 0951 | . 0934 | . 0918 | . 0901 | . 0885 | . 0869 | . 0853 | . 0838 | . 0823 |
| -1.2 | . 1151 | . 1131 | . 1112 | . 1093 | . 1075 | . 1056 | . 1038 | . 1020 | . 1003 | . 0985 |
| -1.1 | . 1357 | . 1335 | . 1314 | . 1292 | . 1271 | . 1251 | . 1230 | . 1210 | . 1190 | . 1170 |
| -1.0 | . 1587 | . 1562 | . 1539 | . 1515 | . 1492 | . 1469 | . 1446 | . 1423 | . 1401 | . 1379 |
| -0.9 | . 1841 | . 1814 | . 1788 | . 1762 | . 1736 | . 1711 | . 1685 | . 1660 | . 1635 | . 1611 |
| -0.8 | . 2119 | . 2090 | . 2061 | . 2033 | . 2005 | . 1977 | . 1949 | . 1922 | . 1894 | . 1867 |
| -0.7 | . 2420 | . 2389 | . 2358 | . 2327 | . 2296 | . 2266 | . 2236 | . 2206 | . 2177 | . 2148 |
| -0.6 | . 2743 | . 2709 | . 2676 | . 2643 | . 2611 | . 2578 | . 2546 | . 2514 | . 2483 | . 2451 |
| -0.5 | . 3085 | . 3050 | . 3015 | . 2981 | . 2946 | . 2912 | . 2877 | . 2843 | . 2810 | . 2776 |
| -0.4 | . 3446 | . 3409 | . 3372 | . 3336 | . 3300 | . 3264 | . 3228 | . 3192 | . 3156 | . 3121 |
| -0.3 | . 3821 | . 3783 | . 3745 | . 3707 | . 3669 | . 3632 | . 3594 | . 3557 | . 3520 | . 3483 |
| -0.2 | . 4207 | . 4168 | . 4129 | . 4090 | . 4052 | . 4013 | . 3974 | . 3936 | . 3897 | . 3859 |
| -0.1 | . 4602 | . 4562 | . 4522 | . 4483 | . 4443 | . 4404 | . 4364 | . 4325 | . 4286 | . 4247 |
| -0.0 | . 5000 | . 4960 | . 4920 | . 4880 | . 4840 | . 4801 | . 4761 | . 4721 | . 4681 | . 4641 |

## 2004 AP ${ }^{\circledR}$ STATISTICS FREE-RESPONSE QUESTIONS

Table entry for $z$ is the probability lying below $z$.


Table A (Continued)

| $z$ | . 00 | . 01 | . 02 | . 03 | . 04 | . 05 | . 06 | . 07 | . 08 | . 09 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0.0 | . 5000 | . 5040 | . 5080 | . 5120 | . 5160 | . 5199 | . 5239 | . 5279 | . 5319 | . 5359 |
| 0.1 | . 5398 | . 5438 | . 5478 | . 5517 | . 5557 | . 5596 | . 5636 | . 5675 | . 5714 | . 5753 |
| 0.2 | . 5793 | . 5832 | . 5871 | . 5910 | . 5948 | . 5987 | . 6026 | . 6064 | . 6103 | . 6141 |
| 0.3 | . 6179 | . 6217 | . 6255 | . 6293 | . 6331 | . 6368 | . 6406 | . 6443 | . 6480 | . 6517 |
| 0.4 | . 6554 | . 6591 | . 6628 | . 6664 | . 6700 | . 6736 | . 6772 | . 6808 | . 6844 | . 6879 |
| 0.5 | . 6915 | . 6950 | . 6985 | . 7019 | . 7054 | . 7088 | . 7123 | . 7157 | . 7190 | . 7224 |
| 0.6 | . 7257 | . 7291 | . 7324 | . 7357 | . 7389 | . 7422 | . 7454 | . 7486 | . 7517 | . 7549 |
| 0.7 | . 7580 | . 7611 | . 7642 | . 7673 | . 7704 | . 7734 | . 7764 | . 7794 | . 7823 | . 7852 |
| 0.8 | . 7881 | . 7910 | . 7939 | . 7967 | . 7995 | . 8023 | . 8051 | . 8078 | . 8106 | . 8133 |
| 0.9 | . 8159 | . 8186 | . 8212 | . 8238 | . 8264 | . 8289 | . 8315 | . 8340 | . 8365 | . 8389 |
| 1.0 | . 8413 | . 8438 | . 8461 | . 8485 | . 8508 | . 8531 | . 8554 | . 8577 | . 8599 | . 8621 |
| 1.1 | . 8643 | . 8665 | . 8686 | . 8708 | . 8729 | . 8749 | . 8770 | . 8790 | . 8810 | . 8830 |
| 1.2 | . 8849 | . 8869 | . 8888 | . 8907 | . 8925 | . 8944 | . 8962 | . 8980 | . 8997 | . 9015 |
| 1.3 | . 9032 | . 9049 | . 9066 | . 9082 | . 9099 | . 9115 | . 9131 | . 9147 | . 9162 | . 9177 |
| 1.4 | . 9192 | . 9207 | . 9222 | . 9236 | . 9251 | . 9265 | . 9279 | . 9292 | . 9306 | . 9319 |
| 1.5 | . 9332 | . 9345 | . 9357 | . 9370 | . 9382 | . 9394 | . 9406 | . 9418 | . 9429 | . 9441 |
| 1.6 | . 9452 | . 9463 | . 9474 | . 9484 | . 9495 | . 9505 | . 9515 | . 9525 | . 9535 | . 9545 |
| 1.7 | . 9554 | . 9564 | . 9573 | . 9582 | . 9591 | . 9599 | . 9608 | . 9616 | . 9625 | . 9633 |
| 1.8 | . 9641 | . 9649 | . 9656 | . 9664 | . 9671 | . 9678 | . 9686 | . 9693 | . 9699 | . 9706 |
| 1.9 | . 9713 | . 9719 | . 9726 | . 9732 | . 9738 | . 9744 | . 9750 | . 9756 | . 9761 | . 9767 |
| 2.0 | . 9772 | . 9778 | . 9783 | . 9788 | . 9793 | . 9798 | . 9803 | . 9808 | . 9812 | . 9817 |
| 2.1 | . 9821 | . 9826 | . 9830 | . 9834 | . 9838 | . 9842 | . 9846 | . 9850 | . 9854 | . 9857 |
| 2.2 | . 9861 | . 9864 | . 9868 | . 9871 | . 9875 | . 9878 | . 9881 | . 9884 | . 9887 | . 9890 |
| 2.3 | . 9893 | . 9896 | . 9898 | . 9901 | . 9904 | . 9906 | . 9909 | . 9911 | . 9913 | . 9916 |
| 2.4 | . 9918 | . 9920 | . 9922 | . 9925 | . 9927 | . 9929 | . 9931 | . 9932 | . 9934 | . 9936 |
| 2.5 | . 9938 | . 9940 | . 9941 | . 9943 | . 9945 | . 9946 | . 9948 | . 9949 | . 9951 | . 9952 |
| 2.6 | . 9953 | . 9955 | . 9956 | . 9957 | . 9959 | . 9960 | . 9961 | . 9962 | . 9963 | . 9964 |
| 2.7 | . 9965 | . 9966 | . 9967 | . 9968 | . 9969 | . 9970 | . 9971 | . 9972 | . 9973 | . 9974 |
| 2.8 | . 9974 | . 9975 | . 9976 | . 9977 | . 9977 | . 9978 | . 9979 | . 9979 | . 9980 | . 9981 |
| 2.9 | . 9981 | . 9982 | . 9982 | . 9983 | . 9984 | . 9984 | . 9985 | . 9985 | . 9986 | . 9986 |
| 3.0 | . 9987 | . 9987 | . 9987 | . 9988 | . 9988 | . 9989 | . 9989 | . 9989 | . 9990 | . 9990 |
| 3.1 | . 9990 | . 9991 | . 9991 | . 9991 | . 9992 | . 9992 | . 9992 | . 9992 | . 9993 | . 9993 |
| 3.2 | . 9993 | . 9993 | . 9994 | . 9994 | . 9994 | . 9994 | . 9994 | . 9995 | . 9995 | . 9995 |
| 3.3 | . 9995 | . 9995 | . 9995 | . 9996 | . 9996 | . 9996 | . 9996 | . 9996 | . 9996 | . 9997 |
| 3.4 | . 9997 | . 9997 | . 9997 | . 9997 | . 9997 | . 9997 | . 9997 | . 9997 | . 9997 | . 9998 |

## 2004 AP ${ }^{\circledR}$ STATISTICS FREE-RESPONSE QUESTIONS

Table entry for $p$ and $C$ is the point $t^{*}$ with probability $p$ lying above it and probability $C$ lying between $-t^{*}$ and $t^{*}$.


Table B $\boldsymbol{t}$ distribution critical values

|  | Tail probability $p$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| df | . 25 | . 20 | . 15 | . 10 | . 05 | . 025 | . 02 | . 01 | . 005 | . 0025 | . 001 | . 0005 |
| 1 | 1.000 | 1.376 | 1.963 | 3.078 | 6.314 | 12.71 | 15.89 | 31.82 | 63.66 | 127.3 | 318.3 | 636.6 |
| 2 | . 816 | 1.061 | 1.386 | 1.886 | 2.920 | 4.303 | 4.849 | 6.965 | 9.925 | 14.09 | 22.33 | 31.60 |
| 3 | . 765 | . 978 | 1.250 | 1.638 | 2.353 | 3.182 | 3.482 | 4.541 | 5.841 | 7.453 | 10.21 | 12.92 |
| 4 | . 741 | . 941 | 1.190 | 1.533 | 2.132 | 2.776 | 2.999 | 3.747 | 4.604 | 5.598 | 7.173 | 8.610 |
| 5 | . 727 | . 920 | 1.156 | 1.476 | 2.015 | 2.571 | 2.757 | 3.365 | 4.032 | 4.773 | 5.893 | 6.869 |
| 6 | . 718 | . 906 | 1.134 | 1.440 | 1.943 | 2.447 | 2.612 | 3.143 | 3.707 | 4.317 | 5.208 | 5.959 |
| 7 | . 711 | . 896 | 1.119 | 1.415 | 1.895 | 2.365 | 2.517 | 2.998 | 3.499 | 4.029 | 4.785 | 5.408 |
| 8 | . 706 | . 889 | 1.108 | 1.397 | 1.860 | 2.306 | 2.449 | 2.896 | 3.355 | 3.833 | 4.501 | 5.041 |
| 9 | . 703 | . 883 | 1.100 | 1.383 | 1.833 | 2.262 | 2.398 | 2.821 | 3.250 | 3.690 | 4.297 | 4.781 |
| 10 | . 700 | . 879 | 1.093 | 1.372 | 1.812 | 2.228 | 2.359 | 2.764 | 3.169 | 3.581 | 4.144 | 4.587 |
| 11 | . 697 | . 876 | 1.088 | 1.363 | 1.796 | 2.201 | 2.328 | 2.718 | 3.106 | 3.497 | 4.025 | 4.437 |
| 12 | . 695 | . 873 | 1.083 | 1.356 | 1.782 | 2.179 | 2.303 | 2.681 | 3.055 | 3.428 | 3.930 | 4.318 |
| 13 | . 694 | . 870 | 1.079 | 1.350 | 1.771 | 2.160 | 2.282 | 2.650 | 3.012 | 3.372 | 3.852 | 4.221 |
| 14 | . 692 | . 868 | 1.076 | 1.345 | 1.761 | 2.145 | 2.264 | 2.624 | 2.977 | 3.326 | 3.787 | 4.140 |
| 15 | . 691 | . 866 | 1.074 | 1.341 | 1.753 | 2.131 | 2.249 | 2.602 | 2.947 | 3.286 | 3.733 | 4.073 |
| 16 | . 690 | . 865 | 1.071 | 1.337 | 1.746 | 2.120 | 2.235 | 2.583 | 2.921 | 3.252 | 3.686 | 4.015 |
| 17 | . 689 | . 863 | 1.069 | 1.333 | 1.740 | 2.110 | 2.224 | 2.567 | 2.898 | 3.222 | 3.646 | 3.965 |
| 18 | . 688 | . 862 | 1.067 | 1.330 | 1.734 | 2.101 | 2.214 | 2.552 | 2.878 | 3.197 | 3.611 | 3.922 |
| 19 | . 688 | . 861 | 1.066 | 1.328 | 1.729 | 2.093 | 2.205 | 2.539 | 2.861 | 3.174 | 3.579 | 3.883 |
| 20 | . 687 | . 860 | 1.064 | 1.325 | 1.725 | 2.086 | 2.197 | 2.528 | 2.845 | 3.153 | 3.552 | 3.850 |
| 21 | . 686 | . 859 | 1.063 | 1.323 | 1.721 | 2.080 | 2.189 | 2.518 | 2.831 | 3.135 | 3.527 | 3.819 |
| 22 | . 686 | . 858 | 1.061 | 1.321 | 1.717 | 2.074 | 2.183 | 2.508 | 2.819 | 3.119 | 3.505 | 3.792 |
| 23 | . 685 | . 858 | 1.060 | 1.319 | 1.714 | 2.069 | 2.177 | 2.500 | 2.807 | 3.104 | 3.485 | 3.768 |
| 24 | . 685 | . 857 | 1.059 | 1.318 | 1.711 | 2.064 | 2.172 | 2.492 | 2.797 | 3.091 | 3.467 | 3.745 |
| 25 | . 684 | . 856 | 1.058 | 1.316 | 1.708 | 2.060 | 2.167 | 2.485 | 2.787 | 3.078 | 3.450 | 3.725 |
| 26 | . 684 | . 856 | 1.058 | 1.315 | 1.706 | 2.056 | 2.162 | 2.479 | 2.779 | 3.067 | 3.435 | 3.707 |
| 27 | . 684 | . 855 | 1.057 | 1.314 | 1.703 | 2.052 | 2.158 | 2.473 | 2.771 | 3.057 | 3.421 | 3.690 |
| 28 | . 683 | . 855 | 1.056 | 1.313 | 1.701 | 2.048 | 2.154 | 2.467 | 2.763 | 3.047 | 3.408 | 3.674 |
| 29 | . 683 | . 854 | 1.055 | 1.311 | 1.699 | 2.045 | 2.150 | 2.462 | 2.756 | 3.038 | 3.396 | 3.659 |
| 30 | . 683 | . 854 | 1.055 | 1.310 | 1.697 | 2.042 | 2.147 | 2.457 | 2.750 | 3.030 | 3.385 | 3.646 |
| 40 | . 681 | . 851 | 1.050 | 1.303 | 1.684 | 2.021 | 2.123 | 2.423 | 2.704 | 2.971 | 3.307 | 3.551 |
| 50 | . 679 | . 849 | 1.047 | 1.299 | 1.676 | 2.009 | 2.109 | 2.403 | 2.678 | 2.937 | 3.261 | 3.496 |
| 60 | . 679 | . 848 | 1.045 | 1.296 | 1.671 | 2.000 | 2.099 | 2.390 | 2.660 | 2.915 | 3.232 | 3.460 |
| 80 | . 678 | . 846 | 1.043 | 1.292 | 1.664 | 1.990 | 2.088 | 2.374 | 2.639 | 2.887 | 3.195 | 3.416 |
| 100 | . 677 | . 845 | 1.042 | 1.290 | 1.660 | 1.984 | 2.081 | 2.364 | 2.626 | 2.871 | 3.174 | 3.390 |
| 1000 | . 675 | . 842 | 1.037 | 1.282 | 1.646 | 1.962 | 2.056 | 2.330 | 2.581 | 2.813 | 3.098 | 3.300 |
| $\infty$ | . 674 | . 841 | 1.036 | 1.282 | 1.645 | 1.960 | 2.054 | 2.326 | 2.576 | 2.807 | 3.091 | 3.291 |
|  | 50\% | 60\% | 70\% | 80\% | 90\% | 95\% | 96\% | 98\% | 99\% | 99.5\% | 99.8\% | 99.9\% |

Confidence level $C$

## 2004 AP ${ }^{\circledR}$ STATISTICS FREE-RESPONSE QUESTIONS

Table entry for $p$ is the point ( $\chi^{2}$ ) with probability $p$ lying above it.


Table C $\quad \chi^{2}$ critical values

| df | Tail probability $p$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | . 25 | . 20 | . 15 | . 10 | . 05 | . 025 | . 02 | . 01 | . 005 | . 0025 | . 001 | . 0005 |
| 1 | 1.32 | 1.64 | 2.07 | 2.71 | 3.84 | 5.02 | 5.41 | 6.63 | 7.88 | 9.14 | 10.83 | 12.12 |
| 2 | 2.77 | 3.22 | 3.79 | 4.61 | 5.99 | 7.38 | 7.82 | 9.21 | 10.60 | 11.98 | 13.82 | 15.20 |
| 3 | 4.11 | 4.64 | 5.32 | 6.25 | 7.81 | 9.35 | 9.84 | 11.34 | 12.84 | 14.32 | 16.27 | 17.73 |
| 4 | 5.39 | 5.99 | 6.74 | 7.78 | 9.49 | 11.14 | 11.67 | 13.28 | 14.86 | 16.42 | 18.47 | 20.00 |
| 5 | 6.63 | 7.29 | 8.12 | 9.24 | 11.07 | 12.83 | 13.39 | 15.09 | 16.75 | 18.39 | 20.51 | 22.11 |
| 6 | 7.84 | 8.56 | 9.45 | 10.64 | 12.59 | 14.45 | 15.03 | 16.81 | 18.55 | 20.25 | 22.46 | 24.10 |
| 7 | 9.04 | 9.80 | 10.75 | 12.02 | 14.07 | 16.01 | 16.62 | 18.48 | 20.28 | 22.04 | 24.32 | 26.02 |
| 8 | 10.22 | 11.03 | 12.03 | 13.36 | 15.51 | 17.53 | 18.17 | 20.09 | 21.95 | 23.77 | 26.12 | 27.87 |
| 9 | 11.39 | 12.24 | 13.29 | 14.68 | 16.92 | 19.02 | 19.68 | 21.67 | 23.59 | 25.46 | 27.88 | 29.67 |
| 10 | 12.55 | 13.44 | 14.53 | 15.99 | 18.31 | 20.48 | 21.16 | 23.21 | 25.19 | 27.11 | 29.59 | 31.42 |
| 11 | 13.70 | 14.63 | 15.77 | 17.28 | 19.68 | 21.92 | 22.62 | 24.72 | 26.76 | 28.73 | 31.26 | 33.14 |
| 12 | 14.85 | 15.81 | 16.99 | 18.55 | 21.03 | 23.34 | 24.05 | 26.22 | 28.30 | 30.32 | 32.91 | 34.82 |
| 13 | 15.98 | 16.98 | 18.20 | 19.81 | 22.36 | 24.74 | 25.47 | 27.69 | 29.82 | 31.88 | 34.53 | 36.48 |
| 14 | 17.12 | 18.15 | 19.41 | 21.06 | 23.68 | 26.12 | 26.87 | 29.14 | 31.32 | 33.43 | 36.12 | 38.11 |
| 15 | 18.25 | 19.31 | 20.60 | 22.31 | 25.00 | 27.49 | 28.26 | 30.58 | 32.80 | 34.95 | 37.70 | 39.72 |
| 16 | 19.37 | 20.47 | 21.79 | 23.54 | 26.30 | 28.85 | 29.63 | 32.00 | 34.27 | 36.46 | 39.25 | 41.31 |
| 17 | 20.49 | 21.61 | 22.98 | 24.77 | 27.59 | 30.19 | 31.00 | 33.41 | 35.72 | 37.95 | 40.79 | 42.88 |
| 18 | 21.60 | 22.76 | 24.16 | 25.99 | 28.87 | 31.53 | 32.35 | 34.81 | 37.16 | 39.42 | 42.31 | 44.43 |
| 19 | 22.72 | 23.90 | 25.33 | 27.20 | 30.14 | 32.85 | 33.69 | 36.19 | 38.58 | 40.88 | 43.82 | 45.97 |
| 20 | 23.83 | 25.04 | 26.50 | 28.41 | 31.41 | 34.17 | 35.02 | 37.57 | 40.00 | 42.34 | 45.31 | 47.50 |
| 21 | 24.93 | 26.17 | 27.66 | 29.62 | 32.67 | 35.48 | 36.34 | 38.93 | 41.40 | 43.78 | 46.80 | 49.01 |
| 22 | 26.04 | 27.30 | 28.82 | 30.81 | 33.92 | 36.78 | 37.66 | 40.29 | 42.80 | 45.20 | 48.27 | 50.51 |
| 23 | 27.14 | 28.43 | 29.98 | 32.01 | 35.17 | 38.08 | 38.97 | 41.64 | 44.18 | 46.62 | 49.73 | 52.00 |
| 24 | 28.24 | 29.55 | 31.13 | 33.20 | 36.42 | 39.36 | 40.27 | 42.98 | 45.56 | 48.03 | 51.18 | 53.48 |
| 25 | 29.34 | 30.68 | 32.28 | 34.38 | 37.65 | 40.65 | 41.57 | 44.31 | 46.93 | 49.44 | 52.62 | 54.95 |
| 26 | 30.43 | 31.79 | 33.43 | 35.56 | 38.89 | 41.92 | 42.86 | 45.64 | 48.29 | 50.83 | 54.05 | 56.41 |
| 27 | 31.53 | 32.91 | 34.57 | 36.74 | 40.11 | 43.19 | 44.14 | 46.96 | 49.64 | 52.22 | 55.48 | 57.86 |
| 28 | 32.62 | 34.03 | 35.71 | 37.92 | 41.34 | 44.46 | 45.42 | 48.28 | 50.99 | 53.59 | 56.89 | 59.30 |
| 29 | 33.71 | 35.14 | 36.85 | 39.09 | 42.56 | 45.72 | 46.69 | 49.59 | 52.34 | 54.97 | 58.30 | 60.73 |
| 30 | 34.80 | 36.25 | 37.99 | 40.26 | 43.77 | 46.98 | 47.96 | 50.89 | 53.67 | 56.33 | 59.70 | 62.16 |
| 40 | 45.62 | 47.27 | 49.24 | 51.81 | 55.76 | 59.34 | 60.44 | 63.69 | 66.77 | 69.70 | 73.40 | 76.09 |
| 50 | 56.33 | 58.16 | 60.35 | 63.17 | 67.50 | 71.42 | 72.61 | 76.15 | 79.49 | 82.66 | 86.66 | 89.56 |
| 60 | 66.98 | 68.97 | 71.34 | 74.40 | 79.08 | 83.30 | 84.58 | 88.38 | 91.95 | 95.34 | 99.61 | 102.7 |
| 80 | 88.13 | 90.41 | 93.11 | 96.58 | 101.9 | 106.6 | 108.1 | 112.3 | 116.3 | 120.1 | 124.8 | 128.3 |
| 100 | 109.1 | 111.7 | 114.7 | 118.5 | 124.3 | 129.6 | 131.1 | 135.8 | 140.2 | 144.3 | 149.4 | 153.2 |

